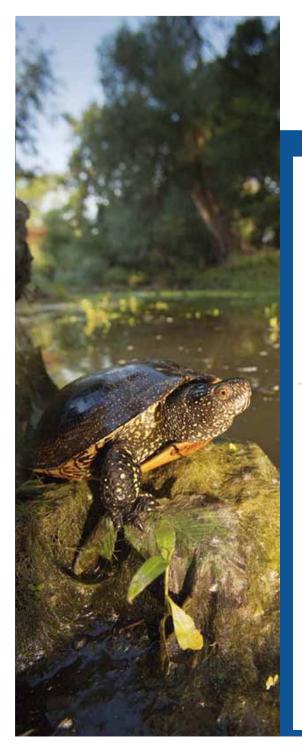


Regulation (EU) n.1143/2014 on Invasive Alien Species

European Commission

DG ENV.D2 Biodiversity

LIFE platform meeting on Invasive Alien Species Milano, 29-30 November 2017





Structure of the EU 2020 Biodiversity Strategy

2050 VISION

2020 headline target

halt biodiversity loss - restore ecosystem services - global contribution

SIX TARGETS

addressing main drivers of biodiversity loss and aiming to reduce key pressures

Enhance implementation of nature legislation Restore ecosystems establish Green Infrastructure Sustainable agriculture and forestry

Sustainable fisheries Combat Alien Invasive Species Contribute to averting global biodiversity loss

specific, partly time-bound measures



Regulation 1143/2014 on IAS entered into force on 1/1/2015

Chapter 1: General provisions

• Chapter 2:

Prevention

• Chapter 3: Early Detection and Rapid Eradication

• Chapter 4: Management of widely spread IAS

- Chapter 5: Horizontal provisions
- Chapter 6: Final provisions



List of IAS of Union concern

- IAS of Union concern = action at Union level is required
- Dynamic list, developed and updated with the assistance of a Committee and a Scientific Forum
- Based on criteria and full risk assessment
- Initial list: Implementing Regulation 2016/1141
- 1st update: Implementing Regulation 2017/1263
- Working towards 2nd update in 2018



List of IAS of Union concern

Art 4(3)- Criteria for inclusion on the Union list

- a) Alien to the territory of the Union
- b) Capable of establishing and spreading
- c) Likely to have significant adverse impacts on biodiversity
- d) Demonstrated by risk assessment that action at Union level is required
- e) Likely that inclusion on list will prevent, minimise or mitigate the adverse impacts

Commission to apply criteria with due consideration to implementation cost for Member States, cost of inaction, cost-effectiveness and socio-economic aspects – Art 4(6)



37 IAS on the first Union list – 14 plants

Plants - Scientific name	Common name
Baccharis halimifolia	Eastern baccharis
Cabomba caroliniana	Fanwort
Eichornia crassipes	Water hyacinth
Heracleum persicum	Persian hogweed
Heracleum sosnowskyi	Sosnowski's hogweed
Hydrocotyle ranunculoides	Floating pennywort
Lagarosiphon major	Curly waterweed
Ludwigia grandiflora	Water-primrose
Ludwigia peploides	Floating primrose-willow
Lysichiton americanus	American skunk cabbage
Myriophyllum aquaticum	Parrot's feather
Parthenium hysterophorus	Whitetop weed
Persicaria perfoliata	Asiatic tearthumb
Pueraria lobata	Kudzu vine

Animals – Scientific name	Common name	
Callosciurus erythraeus	Pallas' squirrel	
Corvus splendens	Indian house crow	
Eriocheir sinensis	Cinese mittencrab	
Herpestes javanicus	Small Indian mongoose	
Lithobates catesbeianus	North-American bullfrog	37 IAS on first
Muntiacus reevesi	Muntjac deer	
Myocastor coypus	Coypu	Union list – 23
Nasua nasua	Coati	animals
Orconectes limosus	Spiny-cheek crayfish	
Orconectes virilis	Virile crayfish	
Oxyura jamaicensis	Ruddy duck	
Pacifastacus leniusculus	Signal crayfish	
Percottus glenii	Amur sleeper	
Procambarus clarkii	Red swamp crayfish	
Procambarus fallax f. virginalis	Marble crayfish	
Procyon lotor	Raccoon	
Pseudorasbora parva	Stone moroko	
Sciurus carolinensis	Grey squirrel	
Sciurus niger	Fox squirrel	
Tamias sibiricus	Siberian chipmunk	
Threskiornis aethiopicus	Sacred ibis	
Trachemys scripta	Red-eared and yellow-eare	ed sliders
Vespa velutina	Asian hornet	



12 IAS added with first update of the Union list (2017)

Plants - Scientific name	Common name
Alternanthera philoxeroides	Alligator weed
Asclepias syriaca	Common milkweed
Elodea nuttallii	Nuttall's waterweed
Gunnera tinctoria	Chilean rhubarb
Heracleum mantegazzianum	Giant hogweed
Impatiens glandulifera	Indian balsam
Microstegium vimineum	Japanese stiltgrass
Myriophyllum heterophyllum	Broadleaf watermilfoil
Pennisetum setaceum	Crimson fountaingrass

Animals - Scientific name	Common name
Alopochen egyptiacus	Egyptian goose
Nyctereutes procyonoides	Raccoon dog
Ondatra zibethicus	Muskrat

Towards 2nd update of the list (2018)

Risk assessments under review

Ailanthus altissima	tree of heaven
Ameiurus spp.	bullheads
Cardiospermum grandiflorum	balloon vine
Channa spp.	snakeheads
Cinnamomum camphora	camphor tree
Gymnocoronis spilanthoides	Senegal tea plant
Hygrophila polysperma	Indian swampweed
Lepomis spp.	sunfishes
Neovison vison	American mink
Pistia stratiotes	water lettuce
Salvinia molesta	salvinia moss



Open access at early stage



https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/ed95cea1-4f6a-4a3b-b27d-b2bfb8288c42



Action triggered by the Union list

Prevention of new introductions or further spread	 Restrictions on intentional activities Pathway management to tackle unintentional introductions*
Early detection and rapid eradication of new populations	 Surveillance* & official controls Early detection and notification Rapid eradication
Management	 Management measures* for widely spread species

^{*}In progress



JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE

European Alien Species Information Network - E

nus luridus, a Lessepsian herbivorous fish decimating marine vegetati



NOTSYS



INFORMATION Natwork

REABIC









(IUCN MedMIS







European Alien Species Information Network

SPECIES 14.011

Commissio

European Commission > EU Science Hub > EASIN

ABOUT EASIN

OCCURRENCES 48.045.569

DATA PARTNERS 12

Upcoming Events

Thursday, 1 June 2017, Madeira, Portugal

Meeting of the Bern Convention Group of Experts on Invasive Alien Species

http://easin.jrc.ec.europa.eu/

Implementation



NOTSYS – notifications made up to now

19 notifications by 8 MS (BE 5, IE 4, DE 3, UK 3, FR 1, HU 1, LU 1, NL 1,)

- Vespa velutina 8 (UK:3, BE:4, NL:1)
- Myocastor coypu 3 (HU,IE, LU)
- Muntiacus reevesi 3 (BE, FR, IE)
- Lagarosiphon major (IE)
- Oxyura jamaicensis (DE)
- Eichhornia crassipes (DE)
- Nasua nasua (DE)
- Procyon lotor (IE)



Input expected from LIFE projects on IAS (1)

Prevention:

- Management of pathways of unintentional introduction, e.g. ballast water, vessels, equipment, soil, seeds, man-made corridors,...
- Management of pathways of intentional introduction, e.g. horticulture, pets, aquaria,...
- Businesses championing the Regulation
- Promotion of native species as alternatives to IAS
- Involvement of the custom authorities



Input expected from LIFE projects on IAS (2)

Early Detection:

Surveillance systems

<u>Rapid Eradication – Management:</u>

- Minimising side-effects of measures, non-lethal methods, ...
- Valorisation of species in the framework of eradication, e.g. processing as food, fibre, biomass
- Restoring ecosystems as to foster resilience towards reinvasions

Horizontal issues:

- Involvement of rural stakeholders: fishermen, anglers, hunters, landowners, foresters, horticulturists, farmers, etc.
- Involvement of the wider public, education and awareness raising



Thank you for your attention! ENV-IAS@ec.europa.eu

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/invasivealien/index_en.htm



